Armenia's 2017 Domestic Violence Law — Police Warnings, Emergency Protection Orders and Eleven NGO-Run Support Centres, with Rising Reporting but Weak Court Follow-Through (Cautionary Case)

Gender Equality · Good practice · Armenia

Quality score: 48/100

Evidence strength: Moderate

Summary

Armenia's 2017 law introduced police warnings, emergency protection orders and court orders, amended in 2024. Criminal investigations doubled to 1,848 in 2023, but courts imposed only six protection orders in 2022 and shelters have 24 places.

Key dimensions

Dimension	Score
Transferability / replicability	1/3
Impact on gender equality	0/1
Effectiveness	0/1
Efficiency	0/1
Evaluated outcomes	0/1
Sustainability	1/1
Achievement / evidence	1/1
Gender-mainstreaming embedding	1/1
Curator validation	1/1

Evaluated by C-NAPSE

Data sources

C-NAPSE web research — accessed 2026-11-21

Government of Armenia (Police; Ministry of Labour and Social Affairs), with the Coalition to Stop Violence Against Women and the Women's Support Center — accessed 2026-11-21

CGRS / EUAA COI Focus (2025) — Armenia: domestic violence — accessed 2026-11-21

Human Rights Watch (2018) — Armenia: Little Protection, Aid for Domestic Violence Survivors — accessed 2026-11-21

Cite this — Evidoria. *Armenia's 2017 Domestic Violence Law — Police Warnings, Emergency Protection Orders and Eleven NGO-Run Support Centres, with Rising Reporting but Weak Court Follow-Through (Cautionary Case)*. Persistent ID: 35f8d067-9406-48cc-ba86-d933715ba2f2.