

Chile's Gender Parity Law 21.216 — World's First Gender-Balanced Constitutional Body (2021)

Gender Equality · Good practice · Chile

Quality score: 96/100

Evidence strength: Observational / pre–post

Summary

Law 21.216 (2020) mandated parity electoral lists and a results-correction mechanism for Chile's Constitutional Convention, producing the world's first gender-balanced constitutional body: 77 women, 78 men (49.7%). UNDP documented parity's measurable impact on substantive policy

Key dimensions

Dimension	Score
Transferability / replicability	2/3
Impact on gender equality	1/1
Effectiveness	1/1
Efficiency	1/1
Evaluated outcomes	1/1
Sustainability	1/1
Achievement / evidence	1/1
Gender-mainstreaming embedding	1/1
Curator validation	1/1

Evaluated by C-NAPSE

Data sources

[C-NAPSE web research](#) — accessed 2026-06-21

[Servicio Nacional de la Mujer y la Equidad de Género \(SernamEG\)](#) — accessed 2026-06-21

[BCN Chile: Historia Ley 21.216 Paridad de Género](#) — accessed 2026-06-21

[UNDP Chile: La paridad si importa — analisis de PNUD y Plataforma Telar](#) — accessed 2026-06-21

[CIPER Chile: Mecanismos de paridad redujeron la brecha a 2,9%](#) — accessed 2026-06-21

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