

Communities Care — UNICEF's Community-Dialogue Model to Prevent Gender-Based Violence, Mogadishu

Gender Equality · Good practice · Somalia

Quality score: 74/100

Evidence strength: Quasi-experimental

Summary

UNICEF's Communities Care programme ran 15-week facilitated dialogues on GBV norms in Mogadishu. A 2012–2015 evaluation found intervention districts (Yaqshid, Bondhere) improved significantly more than control districts (Karaan, Wadajir) on norms and service confidence.

Key dimensions

Dimension	Score
Transferability / replicability	2/3
Impact on gender equality	1/1
Effectiveness	1/1
Efficiency	0/1
Evaluated outcomes	1/1
Sustainability	0/1
Achievement / evidence	1/1
Gender-mainstreaming embedding	1/1
Curator validation	1/1

Evaluated by C-NAPSE

Data sources

[C-NAPSE web research](#) — accessed 2026-09-09

[UNICEF Somalia, with Johns Hopkins Bloomberg School of Public Health and local NGOs](#) — accessed 2026-09-09

[Effectiveness study — social norms change, Mogadishu \(PMC\)](#) — accessed 2026-09-09

[UNICEF Communities Care Programme: South Sudan Impact Evaluation](#) — accessed 2026-09-09

[Evaluation methodology paper, Conflict and Health \(PMC\)](#) — accessed 2026-09-09

Cite this — Evidoria. *Communities Care — UNICEF's Community-Dialogue Model to Prevent Gender-Based Violence, Mogadishu*. Persistent ID: def5ea67-1459-4137-b439-bf008f35c852.