EVA Park — A Virtual Island Co-Designed With People With Aphasia, Tested in a Quasi-Randomised Study That Improved Functional Communication but Not Confidence or Isolation

Digital Inclusion · Good practice · United Kingdom

Quality score: 76/100

Evidence strength: Strong

Summary

Multi-user virtual island built with people with post-stroke aphasia to minimise text menus. A 20-person quasi-randomised study found significant functional-communication gains vs a waitlist, but no change in confidence or social isolation.

Key dimensions

Dimension	Score
Innovation level	4/5
Sustainability (ongoing)	1/1
Evaluation evidence	1/1
Demonstrated reach	0/1
Documented learning	1/1

Evaluated by C-NAPSE

Data sources

C-NAPSE web research — accessed 2026-11-23

City, University of London (now City St George's, University of London) — accessed 2026-11-23

Marshall et al. 2016, PLoS ONE (PMC) — accessed 2026-11-23

City St George's news release (2016) — accessed 2026-11-23

ISRCTN15880384 — VESFA feasibility RCT — accessed 2026-11-23

Cite this — Evidoria. *EVA Park — A Virtual Island Co-Designed With People With Aphasia, Tested in a Quasi-Randomised Study That Improved Functional Communication but Not Confidence or Isolation*. Persistent ID: 738a7532-b42f-4f7e-a9fa-a2ab55e430f1.