

GRAS — the World Bank's Governance Risk Assessment System Screening Brazilian Public Spending for Corruption

AI in the Public Sector · Good practice · Brazil

Quality score: 53/100

Evidence strength: Observational / pre–post

Summary

The World Bank's GRAS tool has screened Brazilian public spending since a November 2023 pilot across federal, state and municipal levels, identifying ~200 possible fraud/collusion red flags and flagging hundreds of suppliers for suspected collusion or strawman registration.

Key dimensions

Dimension	Score
Evidence of impact / measured public value	2/3
Transparency, fairness & accountability	1/3
Transferability / demonstrated replication	2/3
Scalability beyond pilot	2/3
Governance, capability & sustainability	1/3

Evaluated by C-NAPSE

Data sources

[C-NAPSE web research](#) — accessed 2026-07-25

[World Bank \(Governance Global Practice\)](#), piloted with federal, state and municipal audit/control bodies in Brazil — accessed 2026-07-25

[World Bank: Four innovative ways the World Bank is fighting corruption \(11 Sept 2024\)](#) — accessed 2026-07-25

[GovTransparency.eu: Governance Risk Assessment System \(GRAS\)](#) — accessed 2026-07-25

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