

Inner Niger Delta Wetland Co-Management — Flood-Forest Restoration for 2 Million People (Mali)

PES & Nature-Based Solutions · Good practice · Mali

Quality score: 33/100

Evidence strength: Cautionary / limited

Summary

Mali's Inner Niger Delta, a Ramsar wetland supplying 15% of national cereal, 30% of rice, 80% of fish and dry-season grazing for 60% of cattle, is the focus of a Wetlands International programme restoring flood forests and bourgou grass across 20 villages.

Key dimensions

Dimension	Score
Carbon — sequestration / storage, evidenced	0/3
Biodiversity — conservation / improvement, evidenced	1/3
Water & soil — retention, infiltration, erosion control	2/3
Fire resilience — risk reduction, evidenced	0/3
Governance, certification & transferability	2/3

Evaluated by C-NAPSE

Data sources

[C-NAPSE web research](#) — accessed 2026-09-25

[Wetlands International Mali](#) — accessed 2026-09-25

[Wetlands International — Inner Niger Delta, Mali](#) — accessed 2026-09-25

[IUCN — Support Project for Wetland Management in the Inner Niger Delta \(PDF\)](#) — accessed 2026-09-25

[Wetlands International — Sustaining Mali's Inner Niger Delta](#) — accessed 2026-09-25

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