

Jakarta's Green Open Space Mandate — A 30% Legal Target the City Has Never Reached

PES & Nature-Based Solutions · Good practice · Indonesia

Quality score: 13/100

Evidence strength: Cautionary / limited

Summary

Indonesian law has required Jakarta to keep 30% of its area as green open space since 2007. Nearly two decades on, official figures put the city at roughly 5%, illustrating how a well-designed nature-based mandate can fail without enforcement against land-value pressure.

Key dimensions

Dimension	Score
Carbon — sequestration / storage, evidenced	0/3
Biodiversity — conservation / improvement, evidenced	0/3
Water & soil — retention, infiltration, erosion control	1/3
Fire resilience — risk reduction, evidenced	0/3
Governance, certification & transferability	1/3

Evaluated by C-NAPSE

Data sources

[C-NAPSE web research](#) — accessed 2026-08-28

[DKI Jakarta Provincial Government \(Pemerintah Provinsi DKI Jakarta\)](#) — accessed 2026-08-28

[Antara News — Green open spaces improve quality of life in Jakarta metropolis](#) — accessed 2026-08-28

[The Jakarta Post — Despite regulations, Jakarta homeowners concrete over green spaces](#) — accessed 2026-08-28

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