

# Kampung Improvement Programme — Jakarta's In-Situ Slum-Upgrading Model

City Innovation Library · Good practice · Indonesia

Quality score: 81/100

Evidence strength: Observational / pre–post

## Summary

Starting in Jakarta in 1969, Indonesia's Kampung Improvement Programme threaded paved paths, drainage, water and sanitation into existing 'kampung' neighbourhoods without resettling residents — upgrading ~7,700 hectares for ~3 million people at ~US\$60/capita.

## Key dimensions

| Dimension                                  | Score |
|--------------------------------------------|-------|
| Evidence of impact / measured results      | 2/3   |
| Transferability / demonstrated replication | 3/3   |
| Scalability                                | 3/3   |
| Sustainability / continuity                | 3/3   |
| Innovation                                 | 3/3   |
| Inclusiveness / equity                     | 1/3   |
| Multi-stakeholder collaboration            | 2/3   |

Evaluated by C-NAPSE

## Data sources

[C-NAPSE web research](#) — accessed 2026-08-08

[Jakarta Provincial Government \(DKI Jakarta\) / Directorate General of Human Settlements](#) — accessed 2026-08-08

[Archnet / Aga Khan Development Network — Kampung Improvement Programme](#) — accessed 2026-08-08

[World Bank — Enhancing the Quality of Life in Urban Indonesia: The Legacy of the Kampung Improvement Program](#) — accessed 2026-08-08

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