

Khasi Hills Community REDD+ Project (Meghalaya, India)

PES & Nature-Based Solutions · Good practice · India

Quality score: 60/100

Evidence strength: Observational / pre–post

Summary

India's first Plan Vivo-certified community forest carbon project: 27,000 ha of subtropical broadleaf forest in East Khasi Hills, Meghalaya. Since 2011: 532,000+ tCO₂e verified; US \$1.04 M paid to 8,005 families; US \$415,000 invested in forest management. 30-year lifespan.

Key dimensions

Dimension	Score
Carbon — sequestration / storage, evidenced	2/3
Biodiversity — conservation / improvement, evidenced	2/3
Water & soil — retention, infiltration, erosion control	2/3
Fire resilience — risk reduction, evidenced	1/3
Governance, certification & transferability	2/3

Evaluated by C-NAPSE

Data sources

[C-NAPSE web research](#) — accessed 2026-06-21

[Khasi Hills indigenous forest communities \(Plan Vivo certified\)](#) — accessed 2026-06-21

[COTAP — Khasi Hills Community REDD+ project profile](#) — accessed 2026-06-21

[YesEarth — independent project overview \(Nov 2023\)](#) — accessed 2026-06-21

[Ananta MIAS — Khasi Hills first Plan Vivo project in India](#) — accessed 2026-06-21

Cite this — Evidoria. *Khasi Hills Community REDD+ Project (Meghalaya, India)*. Persistent ID: 849e415d-3b6c-4a04-8a11-8402e1cb4b31.