

Kiribati Adaptation Program — Community Mangrove Replanting Across Six Islands

PES & Nature-Based Solutions · Good practice · Kiribati

Quality score: 40/100

Evidence strength: Moderate

Summary

Community volunteers under the World Bank/GEF-funded Kiribati Adaptation Program planted over 37,000 mangrove seedlings across six atolls; two Tarawa sites saw near-total die-off within 18 months, while tighter 'close-group' planting reached 50-90% survival elsewhere.

Key dimensions

Dimension	Score
Carbon — sequestration / storage, evidenced	1/3
Biodiversity — conservation / improvement, evidenced	1/3
Water & soil — retention, infiltration, erosion control	2/3
Fire resilience — risk reduction, evidenced	0/3
Governance, certification & transferability	2/3

Evaluated by C-NAPSE

Data sources

[C-NAPSE web research](#) — accessed 2026-09-04

[Kiribati Ministry of Environment, Lands & Agricultural Development, World Bank, GEF, UNDP, AusAID and NZAID \(Kiribati Adaptation Program, Phase II\)](#) — accessed 2026-09-04

[World Bank – 37,000 Mangroves for Kiribati](#) — accessed 2026-09-04

[Wikipedia – Kiribati Adaptation Program](#) — accessed 2026-09-04

[ReliefWeb – 37,000 Mangroves for Kiribati](#) — accessed 2026-09-04

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