

Mexico's "Paridad en Todo" Constitutional Reform 2019 — Gender Parity Across All Institutions

Gender Equality · Good practice · Mexico

Quality score: 96/100

Evidence strength: Observational / pre–post

Summary

Mexico's 2019 "Paridad en Todo" constitutional reform extended mandatory 50/50 parity from legislature lists to all public institutions. By 2024: women held 50.6% of deputies, Mexico ranked 4th globally (IPU), and elected its first female president.

Key dimensions

Dimension	Score
Transferability / replicability	2/3
Impact on gender equality	1/1
Effectiveness	1/1
Efficiency	1/1
Evaluated outcomes	1/1
Sustainability	1/1
Achievement / evidence	1/1
Gender-mainstreaming embedding	1/1
Curator validation	1/1

Evaluated by C-NAPSE

Data sources

[C-NAPSE web research](#) — accessed 2026-06-21

[Congreso de la Unión / Instituto Nacional Electoral \(INE\)](#) — accessed 2026-06-21

[IPU Parline: Mexico Chamber of Deputies — Data on Women](#) — accessed 2026-06-21

[Piscopo & Vázquez Correa \(2024\): From 30% to Gender Parity in Everything — International Feminist Journal of Politics \(pre-print\)](#) — accessed 2026-06-21

[iKnowPolitics: Parity in Everything — What Mexico Can Teach Us About Women's Representation](#) — accessed 2026-06-21

Cite this — Evidoria. *Mexico's "Paridad en Todo" Constitutional Reform 2019 — Gender Parity Across All Institutions*. Persistent ID: 8afb70d8-79ef-4bff-9188-2d571f673b03.