

Moldova Criminalises Digital Violence — Landmark Anti-Stalking Law for Women and Girls

Gender Equality · Good practice · Moldova

Quality score: 41/100

Evidence strength: Moderate

Summary

Moldova's Parliament criminalised stalking and tech-facilitated harassment for the first time, with penalties up to two years in prison (three for family members), after data showed 65% of online women had faced digital abuse. Backed by UN Women, UNFPA and the Council of Europe.

Key dimensions

Dimension	Score
Transferability / replicability	2/3
Impact on gender equality	0/1
Effectiveness	0/1
Efficiency	0/1
Evaluated outcomes	0/1
Sustainability	1/1
Achievement / evidence	1/1
Gender-mainstreaming embedding	1/1
Curator validation	0/1

Evaluated by C-NAPSE

Data sources

[C-NAPSE web research](#) — accessed 2026-09-25

[Parliament of the Republic of Moldova / National Agency for the Prevention and Combating of Violence against Women and Domestic Violence \(ANPCV\)](#) — accessed 2026-09-25

[ANPCV Moldova — Online harassment becomes a criminal offence in the Republic of Moldova](#) — accessed 2026-09-25

[UN Women — Moldova criminalizes digital violence](#) — accessed 2026-09-25

[Library of Congress Global Legal Monitor — Moldova: New Law Targets Technology-Facilitated Violence Against Women](#) — accessed 2026-09-25

[UNFPA Moldova — Women in Moldova will be better protected](#) — accessed 2026-09-25

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