

Msimbazi Basin Development Project — World Bank-Financed Flood Resilience and a Planned Urban Wetland Park for Dar es Salaam

PES & Nature-Based Solutions · Good practice · Tanzania

Quality score: 20/100

Evidence strength: Cautionary / limited

Summary

A \$200M World Bank IDA credit approved in October 2022, plus \$60M in Dutch and Spanish co-financing, funds flood protection and resettlement for 300,000+ people in Dar es Salaam's Msimbazi basin. Its planned ecological park and mangrove restoration remain at the design stage.

Key dimensions

Dimension	Score
Carbon — sequestration / storage, evidenced	0/3
Biodiversity — conservation / improvement, evidenced	0/3
Water & soil — retention, infiltration, erosion control	1/3
Fire resilience — risk reduction, evidenced	0/3
Governance, certification & transferability	2/3

Evaluated by C-NAPSE

Data sources

[C-NAPSE web research](#) — accessed 2026-09-05

[Government of Tanzania, financed by the World Bank \(IDA\) with Government of the Netherlands and Government of Spain co-financing; planning support from GFDRR](#) — accessed 2026-09-05

[World Bank press release, Oct 4 2022](#) — accessed 2026-09-05

[ReliefWeb mirror of World Bank release](#) — accessed 2026-09-05

[World Bank Project Document P169425](#) — accessed 2026-09-05

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