

SASA! Community Mobilisation Programme against Intimate Partner Violence — Uganda

Gender Equality · Good practice · Uganda

Quality score: 100/100

Evidence strength: Randomised controlled trial

Summary

SASA! is a community mobilisation model to prevent intimate partner violence (IPV), developed in Kampala, Uganda. A cluster RCT (2007–2012) showed 52% lower physical IPV incidence in intervention communities. Now adapted in 50+ countries worldwide.

Key dimensions

Dimension	Score
Transferability / replicability	3/3
Impact on gender equality	1/1
Effectiveness	1/1
Efficiency	1/1
Evaluated outcomes	1/1
Sustainability	1/1
Achievement / evidence	1/1
Gender-mainstreaming embedding	1/1
Curator validation	1/1

Evaluated by C-NAPSE

Data sources

[C-NAPSE web research](#) — accessed 2026-06-21

[Raising Voices](#) — accessed 2026-06-21

[Abramsky et al. — BMC Medicine 2014 \(SASA! cluster RCT findings\)](#) — accessed 2026-06-21

[Prevention Collaborative — SASA! Programme Profile](#) — accessed 2026-06-21

[UN Women Asia-Pacific — Adapting SASA! Together \(2023\)](#) — accessed 2026-06-21

[ClinicalTrials.gov — SASA! Study NCT00790959](#) — accessed 2026-06-21

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