

State-Funded Pink Salmon (Pukkellaks) Trapping Programme — Tana River (Norway)

PES & Nature-Based Solutions · Good practice · Norway

Quality score: 27/100

Evidence strength: Cautionary / limited

Summary

Norway's Environment Agency funds fish traps on 53 of 63 affected rivers — including a 400m trap at Seida on the Tana River that caught 7,666 invasive pink salmon in 2023 — to protect Atlantic salmon, itself now at risk of extinction, from a growing biennial invasion.

Key dimensions

Dimension	Score
Carbon — sequestration / storage, evidenced	0/3
Biodiversity — conservation / improvement, evidenced	2/3
Water & soil — retention, infiltration, erosion control	0/3
Fire resilience — risk reduction, evidenced	0/3
Governance, certification & transferability	2/3

Evaluated by C-NAPSE

Data sources

C-NAPSE web research — accessed 2026-07-04

Miljødirektoratet (Norwegian Environment Agency) / Veterinærinstituttet / Statsforvalteren i Troms og Finnmark — accessed 2026-07-04

Norwegian Environment Agency: Pink salmon — accessed 2026-07-04

Veterinary Institute: Lessons from pink salmon control in the Tana river — accessed 2026-07-04

NTB press release: Good start for the pink salmon trap in Tana — accessed 2026-07-04

Peer-reviewed: Ecosystem effects of pink salmon invasion (PMC) — accessed 2026-07-04

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