

Suriname e-ID — National Digital Identity Card

Digital Inclusion · Good practice · Suriname

Quality score: 88/100

Evidence strength: Observational / pre–post

Summary

Suriname's e-ID replaced paper ID cards with a biometric digital ID, backed by a legal deadline that forced adoption. By April 2022, over 320,000 citizens — more than half the population — held a valid e-ID, though interior communities still lag.

Key dimensions

Dimension	Score
Innovation level	2/5
Sustainability (ongoing)	1/1
Evaluation evidence	1/1
Demonstrated reach	1/1
Documented learning	1/1

Evaluated by C-NAPSE

Data sources

[C-NAPSE web research](#) — accessed 2026-07-15

[Centraal Bureau voor Burgerzaken \(CBB\), Ministry of Home Affairs, Suriname](#) — accessed 2026-07-15

[Central Bureau for Civil Affairs — e-ID launch](#) — accessed 2026-07-15

[United News Suriname — adoption figures](#) — accessed 2026-07-15

[Digital Watch Observatory — National Digital Strategy 2023–2030](#) — accessed 2026-07-15

[Government of Suriname — service locations](#) — accessed 2026-07-15

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