

Suriname's Gender Vision Policy (2021-2035) and Rising Women's Representation

Gender Equality · Good practice · Suriname

Quality score: 85/100

Evidence strength: Observational / pre–post

Summary

Suriname's Bureau of Gender Affairs issued a 15-year Gender Vision Policy (2021-2035) on political participation, building on a decade of steady, unlegislated gains: women's share of National Assembly seats rose from about 10% in 2010 to over 31% in 2025.

Key dimensions

Dimension	Score
Transferability / replicability	2/3
Impact on gender equality	1/1
Effectiveness	1/1
Efficiency	0/1
Evaluated outcomes	1/1
Sustainability	1/1
Achievement / evidence	1/1
Gender-mainstreaming embedding	1/1
Curator validation	1/1

Evaluated by C-NAPSE

Data sources

[C-NAPSE web research](#) — accessed 2026-07-11

[Bureau of Gender Affairs, Ministry of Home Affairs, Government of Suriname](#) — accessed 2026-07-11

[UN ECLAC Gender Equality Observatory: Suriname Gender Vision Policy 2021-2035](#) — accessed 2026-07-11

[The Global Economy: Suriname Women in Parliament](#) — accessed 2026-07-11

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