

The Gladsaxe Model — Denmark's Halted Points-Based Child-Welfare Risk Score

AI in the Public Sector · Good practice · Denmark

Quality score: 20/100

Evidence strength: Descriptive / self-reported

Summary

A Copenhagen-area municipality piloted a points system assigning up to 3,000 risk points for parental mental illness, or 300 for a missed dental visit, to flag children for early intervention. Denmark's DPA blocked it in 2019; an ombudsman inquiry into it opened in 2024.

Key dimensions

Dimension	Score
Evidence of impact / measured public value	0/3
Transparency, fairness & accountability	1/3
Transferability / demonstrated replication	0/3
Scalability beyond pilot	0/3
Governance, capability & sustainability	2/3

Evaluated by C-NAPSE

Data sources

[C-NAPSE web research](#) — accessed 2026-07-30

[Gladsaxe Kommune \(Municipality\), with two unnamed partner municipalities](#) — accessed 2026-07-30

[AlgorithmWatch — Automating Society Report 2020, Denmark](#) — accessed 2026-07-30

[BABL AI — Denmark's Automated Welfare System Under Fire](#) — accessed 2026-07-30

[Amnesty International — Coded Injustice report \(Nov 2024\)](#) — accessed 2026-07-30

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