

UDID — India's National Digital Identity Card for Persons with Disabilities

Digital Inclusion · Good practice · India

Quality score: 92/100

Evidence strength: Observational / pre–post

Summary

India's Unique Disability ID (UDID) replaces fragmented paper certificates with one national digital card spanning 21 disability categories, linked to e-KYC and DigiLocker. Mandatory since 2021, it has issued 13M+ cards, though gaps remain near the disability threshold.

Key dimensions

Dimension	Score
Innovation level	3/5
Sustainability (ongoing)	1/1
Evaluation evidence	1/1
Demonstrated reach	1/1
Documented learning	1/1

Evaluated by C-NAPSE

Data sources

[C-NAPSE web research](#) — accessed 2026-09-14

[Department of Empowerment of Persons with Disabilities \(DEPwD\), Ministry of Social Justice and Empowerment](#) — accessed 2026-09-14

[Swavlamban Card](#) — official UDID portal — accessed 2026-09-14

[DEPwD — Unique Disability ID \(UDID\)](#) — accessed 2026-09-14

[PMC — Descriptive analysis of UDID-certified visually disabled patients, Nagpur](#) — accessed 2026-09-14

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