

UNHCR's Biometric Registration Reaches 113,000 Refugees in Libya Amid Political Backlash

AI in the Public Sector · Good practice · Libya

Quality score: 40/100

Evidence strength: Observational / pre–post

Summary

UNHCR's biometric registration system grew from 56,687 refugees in Libya at end-2023 to 113,026 by June 2026, even as Libyan authorities restricted access, blocked its Tripoli office and called for its expulsion over those same registrations.

Key dimensions

Dimension	Score
Evidence of impact / measured public value	2/3
Transparency, fairness & accountability	2/3
Transferability / demonstrated replication	2/3
Scalability beyond pilot	0/3
Governance, capability & sustainability	0/3

Evaluated by C-NAPSE

Data sources

[C-NAPSE web research](#) — accessed 2026-09-09

[United Nations High Commissioner for Refugees \(UNHCR\)](#) — accessed 2026-09-09

[Human Rights Watch, 'Libya: Anti-Migrant Rhetoric Fuels Abuses'](#) — accessed 2026-09-09

[Libya Herald coverage](#) — accessed 2026-09-09

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