

Wartime Sexual Violence Survivors' Reparations Programme — Kosovo

Gender Equality · Good practice · Kosovo

Quality score: 74/100

Evidence strength: Observational / pre–post

Summary

Kosovo's 2014 law grants official 'civilian war victim' status and a monthly pension to survivors of conflict-related sexual violence from the 1998-99 war; by September 2024 the verification commission had compensated 1,671 survivors, against an estimated 20,000.

Key dimensions

Dimension	Score
Transferability / replicability	2/3
Impact on gender equality	1/1
Effectiveness	1/1
Efficiency	0/1
Evaluated outcomes	0/1
Sustainability	1/1
Achievement / evidence	1/1
Gender-mainstreaming embedding	1/1
Curator validation	1/1

Evaluated by C-NAPSE

Data sources

[C-NAPSE web research](#) — accessed 2026-09-12

[Government of Kosovo — Commission for Recognition and Verification of the Status of Survivors of Sexual Violence during the Kosovo Liberation War](#) — accessed 2026-09-12

[KHAR Center — The Struggle for Wartime Sexual Violence Reparations in Kosovo](#) — accessed 2026-09-12

[US State Department — 2024 Country Reports on Human Rights Practices: Kosovo](#) — accessed 2026-09-12

[UN Women — In Kosovo, legal recognition of war-time sexual violence survivors after 18 years](#) — accessed 2026-09-12

[Journal of Human Rights and Social Work — Gender and Transitional Justice: Recognition and Reparations of Wartime Sexual Violence in Kosovo \(2024\)](#) — accessed 2026-09-12

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