

Denmark's Earmarked Parental Leave for Fathers

— Act No. 679/2022

Gender Equality · Good practice · Dinamarca

Pontuação de qualidade: 96/100

Força da evidência: Observational / pre–post

Sumário

Denmark's 2022 law earmarks 11 weeks of non-transferable paid leave for each parent. Fathers' average leave doubled from ~5 to ~10 weeks in 2023; by July 2025, 60% more fathers claimed benefits than in July 2022, and the parental income gap between partners narrowed.

Dimensões-chave

Dimensão	Pontuação
Transferability / replicability	2/3
Impact on gender equality	1/1
Effectiveness	1/1
Efficiency	1/1
Evaluated outcomes	1/1
Sustainability	1/1
Achievement / evidence	1/1
Gender-mainstreaming embedding	1/1
Curator validation	1/1

Avaliado por C-NAPSE

Fontes de dados

C-NAPSE web research — acedido a 2026-06-21

Beskæftigelsesministeriet (Ministry of Employment) — acedido a 2026-06-21

The Local: Men take more parental leave under new rules (2024) — acedido a 2026-06-21

CBS Copenhagen Business School: Eleven weeks that shifted the norms — acedido a 2026-06-21

Nordic Council: Parental leave in Denmark 2025 comparative report — acedido a 2026-06-21

Ritzau/CPH Post: More men on paternity leave after 3 years of earmarking — acedido a 2026-06-21

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